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Hip Evaluation Report

Report Date: 8/14/2014

Reference #: 915123 Radiography Date: 8/1/2014 Practice #: 985170002810275 Date Received: 8/14/2014 **PennHIP Member: Owner:** DR. STUART MASON SHARON LANG 278 BROWNS RD MONASH VETERINARY CLINIC 1662 DANDENONG ROAD NAGAMBIE, VIC 3608 OAKLEIGH EAST, VIC 3166 AUSTRALIA AUSTRALIA ANIMAL MALICLOY ISADORABLE (MALICLOY ISADORABLE) Reg. #: 5100079568 **CANINE / BERNESE MOUNTAIN DOG** Microchip: 985170002810275 Date of Birth: 6/24/2013 F Weight: 77 lbs. Tattoo: Sex: Age: 14 mo. RESULTS Distraction Index (DI) DI is greater than 0.30 with no radiographic evidence of DJD. There is an 0.36 increasing risk of developing DJD as the DI increases; low risk when DI is **Degenerative Joint Disease** close to 0.30, high risk when DI is close to 0.70 or above. None (DJD) Cavitation No Other Findings Not Applicable Distraction Index (DI) 0.53 DI is greater than 0.30 with no radiographic evidence of DJD. There is an increasing risk of developing DJD as the DI increases; low risk when DI is RIGHT **Degenerative Joint Disease** close to 0.30, high risk when DI is close to 0.70 or above. None (DJD) Cavitation No Other Findings Not Applicable

Please note that the PennHIP DI is a measure of hip joint laxity, it does not allude to a "passing" or "failing" hip score.

LAXITY PROFILE RANKING

The laxity profile ranking is based on the hip with the greater laxity (DI). This interpretation is based on a cross-section of 1,902 CANINE animals of the BERNESE MOUNTAIN DOG breed. The median DI for this group is 0.53.

Percentiles										
	90th	80th	70th	60th	50th	40th	30th	20th	10th	
> 90th					Median					< 10th
-		•						•		

The chart above indicates the ranking of your animal's passive hip laxity (DI) in relation to all CANINE animals of the BERNESE MOUNTAIN DOG breed in our database. Your animal's hip laxity lies within the 50th percentile or median range. Breed-specific evaluations are analyzed semi-annually. Consequently, the average laxity and range of laxity for any given group will change over time.

PennHIP does not make specific breeding recommendations. Selection of sire and dam for mating is the decision of the breeder. NOTE: As a minimum breeding criterion, we propose that breeding stock be selected from the population of animals having hip laxity in the tighter half of the breed (to the left of the median mark on the graph). Higher selection pressure equates to more rapid expected genetic change per generation.

By implementing selection based on passive hip laxity, we expect the breed average DI over the years to move toward tighter hip configuration, meaning lower hip dysplasia susceptibility. The PennHIP database permits scientific adjustment of criteria to reflect these shifts; the average laxity and range of laxity for a particular breed will change over time.

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